4.1 The Requested Changes to the Nelson Resource Management Plan (NRMP) <u>Amendments</u>

AMENDMENTS TO PLANNING MAPS (NRMP, Volume 4)

- 1. Amend **Planning Maps A2.1 and A2.2** (Road Hierarchy Maps) by adding:
 - a. a Proposed Sub Collector Road from the end of Bayview Road and Frenchay Drive, through the site and following the alignment of the proposed indicative road, through Ralphine Way and down Maitai Valley Road as far as Nile Street East; and
 - b. a Proposed Sub Collector Road from the new indicative road (described in (a) above) down to the northern side boundary, following the alignment of a future roading link to Walters Bluff (see Attachments B1.1 and B4).
- 2. Amend Planning (Zoning right hand side) Maps 5, 7, 8, 11, 15 and 52 by deleting the current Rural and Rural-Higher Density Small Holdings Area zoning and substituting the zoning proposed in accordance with the proposed Maitahi Bayview Structure Plan (Attachments B2.1 to B2.6).
- 3. Amend Planning (Zoning right hand side) Maps 5, 7, 8, 11, 15 and 52 by adding Schedule X in accordance with the proposed Maitahi Bayview Structure Plan (Attachment B2.1)
- 4. **Amend Planning** (Overlay left hand side) **Maps 5, 7, 8, 11, 15 and 52** by adding the Services Overlay to the land the subject of proposed Maitahi Bayview Structure Plan (Attachment B3)

AMENDMENTS TO TEXT (NRMP, Volume 2)

Chapter 7: Residential Zone

5. **Add** to REd as follows:

To meet some of the significant and anticipated demand for additional residential land, the Kākā Valley and adjoining Bayview property are identified within Schedule X (Maitahi Bayview Area). The future residential development enabled by Schedule X is arranged to meet a variety of needs and residential density typologies, while increasing the community's recreational opportunities, ensuring transport connectivity at a local and regional scale, and, enhancing the indigenous terrestrial and freshwater values all in a culturally sensitive way.

6. **Add** to RE3.1.viii as follows:

Provision of a specific schedule to address the special landscape values of the Marsden Plateau – see Schedule U, <u>and landscape values of the Malvern Hills, Botanical Hill and Kākā Hill - see Schedule X – Maitahi Bayview.</u>

7. **Add** to Policy RE3.9 Maitahi Bayview Area, along with explanation, reasons, and methods:

Policy RE3.9 Maitahi Bayview Area (Schedule X)

The landscape values (as identified in Appendix 9 AP9.6) of the skyline and backdrop areas that are part of the Malvern Hills, Botanical Hill, Kākā Hill and the Maitai Valley shall be protected and maintained where appropriate by:

- a. <u>Avoiding building and development on Kākā Hill that has more</u> than minor effects on the natural character and landscape values
- b. <u>The strategic use of a Structure Plan responding to the natural</u> <u>character and landscape context, with ecological overlays to</u> <u>enhance natural ecosystem function by revegetation; and</u>
- c. Ensuring any subdivision and development design and layout is consistent with the existing pattern of residential development on the north-east side of the hills where appropriate; and
- d. <u>Ensuring careful design, location and mitigation of earthworks;</u> and
- e. Controlling placement of building sites; and
- f. Requiring appropriate built form and finish of future buildings; and
- g. <u>Requiring appropriate provision of landscape planting to mitigate</u> <u>earthworks and built form; and.</u>

Explanation and Reasons

RE3.9.iThe Maitahi Bayview Area has been identified as an area
within Nelson which can absorb a relatively large amount of
development. However, to maintain the natural character
and landscape values of the area, controls are proposed
over building locations, form, finish and landscaping
requirements. These controls are imposed through
Schedule X and the Structure Plan for the Maitahi Bayview
Area. That will ensure the pattern of development will be
consistent with the existing residential development on the
north-east side of the hill.

Schedule X and the Structure Plan for the Maitahi/Mahitahi Bayview Area has also imposed spatial controls over development.

<u>Methods</u>

<u>RE3.9.ii</u>	Identification of Malvern Hills, Botanical Hill and Kākā Hill
	within the Maitahi Bayview Structure Plan.
<u>RE3.9.iii</u>	Specific rules to restrict the building height, colour, and
	landscaping on the Malvern Hills and Botanical Hill.
<u>RE3.9.iv</u>	Specific rules to avoid inappropriate development on Kākā
	Hill by higher levels of restriction on built development.

8. Add Objective RE6 Maitahi Bayview Development (Schedule X) and Reasons:

Objective

RE6 Maitahi Bayview Area (Schedule X)

Enabling greenfield subdivision and development of the Maitahi Bayview Area (Schedule X) to contribute to Nelson's urban development capacity in a manner that:

- a. <u>Protects the landscape and natural character values of Kākā Hill</u> <u>and appropriately maintains other landscape and natural</u> <u>character values in the manner set out in Policy RE3.9; and</u>
- b. <u>Provides for a range of residential densities appropriate to</u> <u>different parts of the Maitahi Bayview area; and</u>
- c. <u>Provide for integrated management of freshwater in the affected</u> <u>catchments. That is achieved by controlling the location and</u> <u>arrangement of development and land use patterns, and</u> <u>ensuring indigenous revegetation of significant areas, alongside</u> <u>controls on construction and development to achieve best</u> <u>practice including water sensitive design principles. The aim is</u> <u>to ensure appropriate management of impacts on freshwater</u> <u>quantity and quality; and</u>
- d. <u>Recognises and provides for the hierarchy values of Te Mana o</u> <u>te Wai and National Policy Statement for Freshwater</u> <u>Management 2020; and</u>
- e. <u>Enhances ecological and biodiversity values by protecting</u> certain areas from development, requiring revegetation, and establishing 'green overlay and revegetation areas' and ecological corridors; and
- f. <u>Restores and improves the freshwater values of the Kākā</u> <u>Stream and its tributaries, with associated improvements to</u> <u>Maitahi/Mahitahi River, by improvements to the alignment,</u> <u>margins; and</u>

- g. Results in a well-functioning urban environment; and
- h. <u>Involves the provision of full serviced three waters infrastructure;</u> and
- i. <u>Mitigates hazards in the lower Kaka Valley by ensuring flood</u> <u>hazards are managed to ensure land is protected from a 1 in 100</u> <u>year AEP with proper allowance for the effects of climate</u> <u>change; and</u>
- j. <u>Provides for transport connectivity and alternative transport</u> modes in a manner that aligns with planned upgrades though the use of the Services Overlay, with refinements that include triggers and additional information requirements; and
- k. <u>Enhances recreational opportunities through the provision of</u> additional Open Space & Recreation zoned land, as well as a network of proposed walkways.
- I. <u>Involves Tangata Whenua throughout the subdivision and</u> <u>development process; and</u>

Explanation and Reasons

The Nelson Tasman Future Development Strategy 2019 has RE6.i identified the Maitahi Bayview Area as being suitable for accommodating future development as an expansion of Nelson's urban fabric to provide for population growth and meeting consequential housing demand. Schedule X and the associated Maitahi Bayview Structure Plan are to ensure that a range of residential development can occur. The Schedule rules constrained by policy and assessment criteria will ensure development is appropriate and culturally sensitive and -provides for enhanced community recreational opportunities and ecological values through the use of best practice water sensitive design. The Structure Plan also provides for road, cycle and pedestrian linkages which will benefit properties outside of the Maitahi Bayview Area. Landscape values are recognised through green and revegetation overlays, building control rules and overall design guidance around landscaping and use of recessive colours for buildings.

9. **Add** Policy RE6.1 Maitahi Bayview (Schedule X), explanation and reasons, and methods:

Policy RE6.1 Maitahi Bayview Structure Plan

The principal method for achieving sustainable management of the Maitahi Bayview Area is the Structure Plan that is within Schedule X. In order to achieve sustainable management, Ssubdivision and development must generally follow the Structure Plan subject to any adjustments appropriately identified at the resource consent stage. Subdivision and development must demonstrate that:

- a. <u>It accommodates the range of housing densities and forms to</u> <u>meet the diverse needs of Whakatū Nelson's community</u> <u>appropriate to the zone and in an arrangement that secures the</u> <u>Structure Plan design; and</u>
- b. Achieves high quality urban design and in particular:
 - i. <u>addresses the intended residential development to be created</u> <u>by subdivision and development; and</u>
 - ii. <u>demonstrates as a part of the assessment of subdivision and</u> <u>development the urban design effects of future residential</u> <u>use; and</u>
 - iii. <u>an assessment of the outcomes against the relevant urban</u> <u>design objectives and policies.</u>
- c. <u>Ensures comprehensive housing is consistent with the</u> requirements of Appendix 22; and
- d. <u>Ensures that subdivision and development is consistent with the</u> requirements of Appendix 9 (where appropriate) and Appendix 14; and
- e. <u>Ensures that the recreational opportunities to meet the needs of</u> <u>current and future residents shown in the Structure Plan are</u> <u>implemented by subdivision and development, including the</u> <u>provision of the identified reserves and walkway linkages; and</u>
- f. <u>Ensures -the multi-modal transport connections in the Structure</u> Plan, in the form of roads, cycleways and pedestrian linkages, are implemented as a part of the subdivision and development; and

Explanation and Reasons

RE6.1.iDevelopment within the Maitahi Bayview area in general
accordance with the Schedule and Structure Plan will
ensure that the area is developed in a manner which
provides for a diversity of housing choice to meet the needs
of Nelson. The provisions of Schedule X are designed to
ensure development occurs in a manner which achieves
best practice urban design principles and maintains
landscape values. The Structure Plan provides public

amenity through provision of road, cycleway and pedestrian linkages and reserves all of which are designed to integrate development into the surrounding environment. The Schedule and Structure Plan have been designed in accordance with urban design principles which take account of the existing landforms and landscape amenity values of the valley, surrounding hills, and ridgelines.

Methods

- RE6.1.ii
 The use of scheduling for the Maitahi Bayview area to ensure integrated development and servicing in accordance with the Structure Plan.
- RE6.1.iii Specific rules within the Schedule which control the adverse effects of development.
- RE6.1.ivDevelopment of Maitahi Bayview area in accordance with
best practice landscape and urban design principles and
freshwater outcomes whilst allowing for lwi involvement.
- RE6.1.v Zoning and rules which provide for diversity of housing choice, size and style in a manner which achieves the desired urban design outcomes.
- RE6.1.vi Additional requirements within the Structure Plan area.
- RE6.1.vii Additional information requirements under section 88 of the RMA.

10. Add Policy RE6.2 Cultural Values - Mana Whenua, explanation and reasons, and methods:

Policy RE6.2 Cultural Values – Mana Whenua

Subdivision and development of the Maitahi Bayview area shall incorporate tangata whenua values and matauranga Māori through:

- a. <u>The protection of Kākā Hills' natural and spiritual values and</u> <u>enabling tino rangatiratanga of this significant place; and</u>
- b. Ensuring cultural impact assessments are a part of applications for resource consent and providing for those values to be assessed as a part of the resource consent process. In that way, ensuring consultation with Iwi on issues relating to the relationship of Maori with their ancestral lands, water, sites, waahi tapu and other taonga, and other matters relating to their cultural, social, economic and physical wellbeing, including responsiveness and reflection of cultural values within subdivision and development; and
- c. <u>Management of natural and physical resources in a manner which</u> respects and takes account of the principles of the Treaty of <u>Waitangi; and</u>
- d. <u>Enable whakatū Nelson tāngata whenua to exercise kaitiakitanga</u> over natural and physical resources.

Explanation

RE6.2.iSection 5 of the Resource Management Act requires that
social, cultural and economic well-being of people and
communities and their health and safety be addressed in the
process of sustainable management of resources. In
recognition of the cultural values associated with the site
through historic occupation, freshwater values and the two
significant sites identified within the Maitahi Bayview area
the Schedule rules require ongoing consultation with Iwi
through each development phase to ensure development
respects cultural values.

Methods

- RE6.2.ii
 Rule within the Schedule to require provision of a cultural impact assessment for any resource consent application involving earthworks, freshwater, discharges, subdivision or comprehensive housing.
- RE6.2.iii
 Consultation with Iwi on issues relating to the relationship of

 Maori with their ancestral lands, water, sites, waahi tapu and other taonga.
- 11. **Add** Policy RE6.3 Integrated Catchment Management, explanation and reasons, and methods:

Policy RE6.3 Integrated Catchment Management Tools and Principles

- A. Ensure the sustainable management of the Kākā Valley catchment and the Malvern Hills catchment by integrated catchment management using a mixture of methods including structure planning, ecological overlays, green and revegetation overlays, and zones together with resource consent processes that must meet the multi-disciplinary application of best practice principles.
- B. <u>Require a Stormwater Management Plan at an earliest stage of</u> <u>subdivision and development of the Malvern Hills or Kākā Valley</u> <u>catchment that demonstrates the following principles will be</u> <u>achieved:</u>
 - a. <u>Promotion of land management which minimises nutrient</u> loss and does not accelerate soil erosion; and
 - b. <u>Maintenance or enhancement of ecosystem health, water</u> <u>quality and quantity including through appropriate</u> <u>management of stormwater and use of water sensitive</u> <u>design; and</u>
 - c. <u>Management of surface water and ground water in an</u> integrated manner; and
 - d. <u>Protection and enhancement of Kākā stream and its</u> <u>tributaries by minimising stream loss, protecting springs and</u> <u>seeps including their flow paths and provide for (1:100yr)</u> <u>flood flow within the stream, including its riparian margin; and</u>
 - e. Conservation and reuse of water resources; and
 - f. <u>Identification, protection and enhancement of natural</u> <u>wetlands; and</u>
 - g. <u>Preservation, and where degraded, restoration of natural</u> <u>character of freshwater bodies; and</u>
 - h. <u>Protection of threatened species habitats within Kākā</u> <u>Stream; and</u>
 - i. <u>Maintenance of ecological values to ensure development</u> <u>does not result in a net loss and removal of indigenous</u> <u>vegetation and habitat for indigenous fauna is avoided; and</u>
 - j. <u>Realignment of the lower section of the Kākā Stream to</u> restore and enhance freshwater ecological and biodiversity values.
 - k. <u>The adoption of best-practice erosion and sediment control</u> <u>design to ensure that construction sediment yield is</u> <u>consistent with freshwater and recreational outcomes, and in</u> <u>particular, impacts on the Kākā Stream, Maitahi/Mahitahi</u> <u>River, and swimming holes.</u>

- I. <u>Avoiding or minimizing earthworks on steepest slopes, and</u> <u>staging and progressively stabilizing all earthworks to</u> <u>minimize the risk of erosion during development.</u>
- m. <u>Providing off-set stream enhancement within the Structure</u> <u>Plan area to achieve a net gain for in stream values.</u>
- n. <u>Integrating hazard mitigation solutions with the package of</u> <u>measures required above.</u>
- C. <u>Ensuring that the approved Stormwater Management Plan</u> <u>informs -the assessment of incremental development of the</u> <u>catchments so that the freshwater outcomes are not compromised</u> <u>by cumulative adverse effects.</u>
- D. Require strict information requirements to satisfy decision-makers that any subdivision and development considers the impact of subdivision and development on freshwater quantity and quality and meets the principles of this policy.

Explanation and Reasons

- RE6.3.iSubdivision and Development within the Maitahi Bayview
area provides an opportunity for protection and
enhancement of freshwater and terrestrial ecology values.
The Schedule provides guidance on best practice principles
which should be utilised in all subdivision and development
design processes to align with the objectives and intent of
the National Policy Statement for Freshwater Management
2020 and National Environmental Standards for Freshwater
2020. The Schedule provides practicel guidance around
engineering solutions to meet best practice guidelines and
proposes a co-design with nature approach to integrated
and regenerative urban development.
- RE6.2.ii
 Best practice erosion and sediment control measures, including staging, will be required and imposed through resource consents.

Methods

- RE6.3.ii Subdivision and development being required to demonstrate water sensitive design best practice.
- RE6.3.iv Use of nature based or green infrastructure engineering solutions where possible.
- RE6.3.v Identification, protection and enhancement of all remaining natural wetlands.
- RE6.3.vi Provide for ecological linkages with other areas with ecological values.
- RE6.3.vii Additional requirements over earthworks.

RE6.3.viiiRequiring that subdivision and development demonstrateconsistency with the supporting Stormwater ManagementPlan for Schedule X

12. Add Policy RE6.4 Indigenous Terrestrial Biodiversity:

Policy RE6.x Indigenous Terrestrial Biodiversity

Ensure that indigenous terrestrial biodiversity is enhanced as a part of subdivision and development, in accordance with a 'revegetation overlay' identified on the Maitahi Bayview Structure Plan. That is to be achieved by requiring a Vegetation Management Plan as a part of applications for subdivision and development that demonstrate revegetation form part of the subdivision and development activity in a way that improves the long term terrestrial indigenous cover in those identified locations.

13. Add to the 'Contents of Residential Zone rule table':

REr.106D Maitahi Bayview Structure Plan (Schedule X)

14. Add a new rule REr.106D

Item	Permitted	Controlled	Discretionary / Non- Complying	Assessment criteria	Explanation
<u>REr.106D</u>	REr.106D.1	REr.106D.2	REr.106D.3	REr.106D.4	REr.106D.5
<u>Maitahi</u> <u>Bayview</u> <u>Structure</u> <u>Plan</u> (Schedule <u>X</u>)	Schedule X applies	Schedule X applies	<u>Schedule X</u> applies	Schedule X applies	<u>Schedule X</u> applies

15. Add to REr.109.5 (Landscape Overlays – Subdivision) as follows:

<u>The rules pertaining to subdivision and development within Maitahi</u> <u>Bayview Structure Plan area are located in Schedule X. These controls</u> <u>address the specific amenity landscape values applicable to that</u> <u>location.</u> 16. Add a new 'Schedule X (Maitahi Bayview)' as follows:

Schedule	
<u>Sch. X</u>	Maitahi Bayview Area
<u>X.1</u>	Application of the schedule
	This Schedule applies to the Kākā Valley and Bayview property area shown as 'Schedule X' on Planning Maps 5, 7, 8, 11, 15 and 52.
	The majority of the Schedule site is located within the Kākā Valley which enclosed by the Botanical, Malvern, Kākā and Sharland Hills with Malvern Hills separating the valley from Nelson Haven. The remainder of the site on the north-western facing slopes of the Malvern Hills looking over Nelso Haven and Tasman Bay. Botanical Hill is identified as an important visual focus for part of the inner city area with the Malvern range providing a visual backdrop to northern side urban area. Kākā Hill is identified as a strategic part of the city backdrop and forms the foreground and entrance to the Nelson region. Sharland Hill is closely associated with these hills with its ridgeline and upper slopes being visually important for the backdrop to the city.
	The site is located close to the city centre and is recognised as having the ability to accommodate future growth through the Future Development Strategy. However, this must be balanced against the important landscap and visual characteristics which are valued by the community, and also appropriate maintenance and enhancement of recreational values, culture values, and ecological values.
	Figures 1 - 3 of this Schedule are spatial tools which direct development an appropriate manner taking account of topography, landscape and visu character and ecological values. The Structure Plan has been prepared using best practice urban design principles.
	The development of the valley floor for residential development is a progression of existing residential development within the wider Maitai Valley. The lower and middle slopes of the Malvern Hills are already developed, and the proposed residential zoning of the upper slopes providing an extension of this existing development and zoning. However specific controls are placed on the development of the upper Malvern Hill Botanical Hill and Kākā Hill areas, which are defined in this Schedule on Figure 2 as the 'skyline' and 'backdrop' areas, to ensure landscape value and characters are maintained, and where appropriate, avoided.
	The Schedule seeks to integrate into the Nelson Resource Management Plan (NRMP) by requiring that the zones are developed in a manner consistent with the Plan provisions. This is considered to meet the expectations of the community and ensure development is undertaken in harmonious and consistent manner with the wider region. The intention of the additional rules proposed within this Schedule is to provide for higher quality environmental and urban design outcomes for areas of the site which are particularly sensitive to the local landscape and visual amenity values. The rules also require that ecological values are maintained, enhanced and protected in a manner which is consistent with the Nationa Policy Statement for Freshwater Management 2020.
	The purpose of this Schedule is to ensure that subdivision and development proceeds in general accordance with the Structure Plan accompanying this Schedule and to incorporate specific rules within the Schedule and respective Rule Tables of the NRMP.
	Schedule X is referred to in the following Residential, Rural, Open Space Recreation and Suburban Commercial Zones rules: REr.106D, REr.109. SCr.69C, SCr.71.2, OSr.75, and RUr.77C.
	All activities provided for in the relevant rule tables for each zone apply to the land within Schedule X, except as specifically provided for in this

Schedule and the Structure Plan. Additional rules are provided for specific overlays and zone areas within the Structure Plan. These rules are to be considered in additional to all relevant zone rules except where specified.
The NRMP contains both district and regional rules, with the provisions making up Schedule X traversing across both of these functions in an integrated manner. As a result, and as directed by AD11.4, the NRMP cannot be administered in isolation from Schedule X. This is of particular relevance and importance when considering the special provisions in Schedule X that relate to water sensitive design, earthworks, and stormwater management.

Administration and Activity Status
Permitted Activities
Unless otherwise described in this Schedule, the permitted activities shall be as set out in the following zone chapters of the Nelson Resource Management Plan (NRMP):
 <u>Chapter 7 Residential Zone;</u> <u>Chapter 9 Suburban Commercial Zone;</u> <u>Chapter 10 Open Space & Recreation Zone;</u> <u>Chapter 12 Rural Zone.</u>
Note: Schedule X does not provide for any new permitted activities.
Controlled Activities
Unless otherwise described in this Schedule, the controlled activities shall be as set out in the following zone chapters of the Nelson Resource Management Plan (NRMP):
 <u>Chapter 7 Residential Zone;</u> <u>Chapter 9 Suburban Commercial Zone;</u> <u>Chapter 10 Open Space & Recreation Zone;</u> <u>Chapter 12 Rural Zone.</u>
Schedule X provides new controlled activities within Rules X.4, X.5 and X.10. These new rules are_{τ} specific to Schedule X.
Consistent with the format used in the NRMP, X.4 and X.5 also address the activity status triggers in the event that compliance is not fully achieved with these rules.
X.4 and X.5 also contain specific provisions relating to 'Notification', 'Assessment Criteria' and the 'Special Information Requirements'.
Restricted Discretionary Activities
Unless otherwise described in this Schedule, the restricted discretionary activities shall be as set out in the following zone chapters of the Nelson Resource Management Plan (NRMP):
 <u>Chapter 7 Residential Zone;</u> <u>Chapter 9 Suburban Commercial Zone;</u> <u>Chapter 10 Open Space & Recreation Zone;</u> <u>Chapter 12 Rural Zone.</u>
Schedule X provides new restricted discretionary activities within Rules X.2 and X.3.
Consistent with the format used in the NRMP, X.2 and X.3 also address the activity status triggered in the event that compliance is not fully achieved with the listed standards.
X.2 and X.3 also contain specific provisions relating to 'Notification', 'Assessment Criteria' and the 'Special Information requirements'.

Discretionary Activities Unless otherwise described in this Schedule, the discretionary activities shall be as set out in the following zone chapters of the Nelson Resource Management Plan (NRMP): • Chapter 7 Residential Zone; • Chapter 9 Suburban Commercial Zone; • Chapter 10 Open Space & Recreation Zone; • Chapter 12 Rural Zone.
Non-Complying Activities Unless otherwise described in this Schedule, the non-complying activities shall be as set out in the following zone chapters of the Nelson Resource Management Plan (NRMP): • Chapter 7 Residential Zone; • Chapter 9 Suburban Commercial Zone; • Chapter 10 Open Space & Recreation Zone; • Chapter 12 Rural Zone.

<u>X.2</u>	<u>Comprehensive Housing Development in the Residential Zone –</u> <u>Higher Density Area</u>
	Comprehensive Housing Developments (with or without subdivision) in the Residential Zone – Higher Density Area are a restricted discretionary activity if:
	a) <u>it is accompanied by the design and information requirements as</u> <u>detailed in AP14.2 in Appendix 14, as well as the 'Design and</u> <u>Information Requirements' set out within Rules X.8, X.9 and X.13-X.16, and</u>
	b) <u>it meets the restricted discretionary standards and terms of Rule</u> <u>REr.22.3; and</u>
	c) <u>it complies with the mandatory matters in the Nelson Tasman Land</u> <u>Development Manual 2020; and</u>
	d) <u>esplanade reserve is provided in accordance with the standards in X.7</u> of this Schedule; and
	e) <u>the transport constraints upgrades identified in Rule X.11 have been</u> addressed and are operational.
	Discretion is restricted to:
	I. <u>The matters of control under REr.107.2 where subdivision is</u> proposed, and
	II. <u>The ability of the subdivision, as expressed in the design</u> <u>statement, contextual analysis and preliminary infrastructure</u> <u>design to demonstrate the urban design outcomes sought; and</u>
	III. <u>The matters in Rule REr.22.3; and</u>
	IV. <u>Consistency with Appendix 22 (Comprehensive Housing</u> <u>Development), and</u>
	V. <u>The matters in the Nelson Tasman Land Development Manual</u> 2020, and consistency with the Stormwater Management Plan, and
	VI. The matters in Appendices 11 to 12 of the Plan, and

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VII.	The design and layout of roads, access, cycleways, walkways, reserves and biodiversity corridors; and
VIII.	The staging of development and associated roading and reserves; and
IX.	<u>The restricted discretionary matters listed in REr.108.3</u> (Subdivision in the Services Overlay) where subdivision is proposed; and
Х.	Consistency with the Maitahi Bayview Structure Plan.
XI.	Any recommendations made in the Cultural Impact Assessment required in X.8 of this Schedule.
XII.	The matters arising from the information provided in accordance with X.2(a) above.
	ce consent for restricted discretionary activities will be considered notification or service of notice.
-	es which contravene a standard for the restricted discretionary are discretionary.
<u>Explan</u>	ation
REr.10 purpos develop plannin Develo	ecific rule for Schedule X supersedes REr.22, REr.107.3 and 8.3 of the Plan for comprehensive housing developments. The e of this is to make specific provision for higher density residential oment as a restricted discretionary activity, to provide a streamlined g process, and so achieve the National Policy Statement on -Urban pment 2020 in an efficient manner, while still requiring high quality tes and appropriate servicing.

<u>X.3</u>	Subdivision – General (Residential Zone)
	Subdivision is a restricted discretionary activity if: a) it is accompanied by the design and information requirements as detailed in AP14.2 in Appendix 14, as well as the Design and Information Requirements set out within Rules X.8, X.9 and X.13-X.16; and
	b) it complies with all relevant standards in Appendices 10 to 12; and
	c) it complies with the mandatory matters in the Nelson Tasman Land Development Manual 2020, except for:
	i. The final gradient of the north-south spine road to be designed to ensure that where there is no practicable impediment, the road achieves as shallow a grade as possible within the southern hillside environment, being no steeper than 1:8 and with sections no steeper than 1:15 where bus stops are to be provided, and
	i-ii. Off-road paths that serve a transport function to be constructed to a minimum 2500mm width and with grades no steeper than 1:20, and no steeper than 1:15 through the hillside environment. Where constraints are proven to prevent 1:15 grades being achieved, then sections no steeper than 1:12 will be required to be constructed to a minimum 3000mm width; and
	c)d) esplanade reserve is provided in accordance with the standards in X.7 of this Schedule; and
	d)e)The net area of every allotment is at least:

Residential – Higher Density Area: 300m ²
Residential – Standard Density Area: 400m ²
Residential – Lower Density Area: 800m ²
Residential - Lower Density Area (Backdrop Area): 1500m ²
Except for allotments created solely for access or utility services; and
e)f) a rectangle measuring 15m by 18m is capable of being located within the boundaries of any allotment, that is clear of any right of way and on a front site, part of which is within 5m of the road boundary, except for allotments created solely for access or utility services, and
g) the layout and design is in general accordance with the Structure Plan or as otherwise specified by Schedule X; and
f)h) the infrastructure constraints-upgrades identified in Rule X.11 have been addressed and are operational
Discretion is restricted to:
 I. The matters of control under REr.107.2, and II. The ability of the subdivision, as expressed in the design statement, contextual analysis and preliminary infrastructure design to demonstrate the urban design outcomes sought; and III. The matters in the Nelson Tasman Land Development Manual 2020, and consistency with the Stormwater Management Plan, and IV. The matters in Appendices 11 to 12 of the Plan, and IV. The design and layout of roads, access, cycleways, walkways, reserves and biodiversity corridors; and VI. The staging of development and associated roading and reserves; and VII. The restricted discretionary matters listed in REr.108.3 (Subdivision in the Services Overlay); and VIII. Consistency with the Maitahi Bayview Structure Plan. IX. Any recommendations made in the Cultural Impact Assessment required in X.8 of this Schedule. X. Night-time lighting effects within the Backdrop Area and Skyline Area caused by road lighting and signage. The matters arising from the information provided in accordance with X.3(a) above.
without notification or service of notice.
Activities which contravene a standard for the restricted discretionary activity are discretionary.
Explanation
This specific rule for Schedule X supersedes REr.107.3, REr.108.3 and REr.109.3 of the Plan. The purpose of this is to make specific provision for residential development as a restricted discretionary activity, to provide a streamlined planning process, and so achieve the National Policy Statement on -Urban Development 2020 in an efficient manner, while still requiring high quality outcomes and appropriate servicing.
The Maitahi Bayview Structure Plan and Schedule X contain site specific controls over landscape effects from building. Refer to the general rules below.

Building within the Backdrop Area of Malvern Hills and Botanical Hill (as identified on Attachment B1.2 of Schedule X) is a controlled activity if: 1. the final colour of any building's external roof and gutters uses a
1. the final colour of any building's external roof and gutters uses a
natural range of greys, browns or greens with a light reflectivity value (LRV) of less than 20%; and
 the final colour of any building's external walls, joinery and spouting uses a natural range of greys, browns or greens with a light reflectivity value (LRV) of less than 32%; and
 the site area shall be planted with a minimum of 20% native vegetation cover.
Control is reserved over:
The building's external appearance;
The following planting palette and a maintenance schedule.
Trees
 Alectryon excelsus – Tītoki
 Aristotelia serrata – Makomako Beilschmiedia tawa – Tawa
 Cordyline australis – Cabbage tree
 Dodonaea viscosa – Akeake
 Dacrycrpus dacrydioides – Kahikitea Dacnydium currossinum – Pimu
 Dacrydium cupressinum – Rimu Fuchsia excorticata - kōtukutuku, tree fuchsia
 Fuscospora solandri – Black Beech
 Fuscospora truncate – Hard Beech
 Griselinia lucida - Puka Hoheria angustifolia
 Kunzea ericoides – Kānuka
 Leptospermum scoparium – manuka
 Macropiper excelsum – Kawakawa
 Melicytus ramiflorus – Māhoe Myoporum laetum - Naigo
 Myoporum laetum - Naigo Myrsine australis - Māpou
 Olearia paniculate - Akiraho
 Pittosporum eugenioides - Tarata
 <i>Pittosporum tenuifolium</i> - Kōhūhū <i>Plagianthus regius</i> – Lowland ribbonwood
 Plagianthus regius – Lowland ribbonwood Podocarpus totara – tōtara
 Prumnopitys ferruginea - Miro
 Prumnopitys taxifolia – Matai
 Pseudopanax crassifolius – Lancewood Sanhara miaranhulla – Kāwhai
 Sophora microphylla – Kōwhai Weinmannia racemose – Kāmhai
Shrubs, Ground Covers, Grasses, and Sedge
 <u>Brachyglottis repanda – Rangiora</u>
 <u>Coprosma repens - Taupata</u>
 Coprosma robusta – Karamū
• <u>Veronica stricta – Koromiko</u>
 <u>Melicytus crassifolius – Coastal porcupine scurb</u> Ozothamnus leptophyllus – Tauhinu
 <u>Phormium cookianum – Wharariki</u>
 <u>Cortaderia richardii</u> – South Island Toetoe
Any building that does not comply with a controlled activity standard
shall be a restricted discretionary activity, with the following matters of
discretion:
1. The building's external appearance.

2. <u>Visibility of the building from public places.</u>
3. Effects on the visual amenity values of the Backdrop Area.
 Opportunities for mitigating the visual effects and reducing a buildings visual prominence through planting, earthworks, or through the use of low impact architectural design techniques.
Resource Consent for a Restricted Discretionary Activity shall be considered without notification or service of notice.
Explanation
This rule, combined with the minimum allotment sizes required by X.3 above and the information requirements of Appendix 14, will ensure the visual amenity of the hill slopes within the Backdrop Area are maintained to an appropriate standard.

<u>X.5</u> <u>S</u>	kyline Area (Malvern Hills and Botanical Hill)
<u>O</u>	uilding within the Skyline Area (Malvern Hills-and Botanical Hill Landscape verlay) and excluding the Botanical Hill Landscape Overlay (as identified a Attachment B1.2 of Schedule X) is a controlled activity if:
a)	The final colour of any building's external roof and gutters uses a natural range of greys, browns or greens with a light reflectivity value (LRV) of less than 20%.
b)	The final colour of any building's external walls, joinery and spouting uses a natural range of greys, browns or greens with a light reflectivity value (LRV) of less than 32%, and either
c)	The final height of any dwelling shall sit below the primary ridgeline when viewed from Nelson City, State Highway 6 QEII Drive (between the Maitai River bridge and Atawhai Drive) and from Maitahi/Mahitahi Valley Road between Jickells and Sharland Bridge, as illustrated on the Maitahi Bayview Structure Plan (Sheet B1.2); or
d)	Any building proposed to extend above the ridgeline shall be supported by a landscape assessment by a suitably qualified and experienced landscape architect along with a detailed landscape plan, setting out how the visual impacts of a building exceeding the height of the primary ridgeline are to be mitigated.
e)	the site area shall be planted with a minimum of 20% native vegetation cover.
<u>C</u>	ontrol is reserved over:
	1. <u>Earthworks.</u>
	2. <u>Building location, scale, height, modulation, roof pitch, colour,</u> reflectivity and any other aspects of the external appearance.
	3. The following planting palette and a maintenance schedule.
	Trees Alectryon excelsus – Tītoki Aristotelia serrata – Makomako Beilschmiedia tawa – Tawa Cordyline australis – Cabbage tree Dodonaea viscosa – Akeake Dacrycrpus dacrydioides – Kahikitea Dacrydium cupressinum – Rimu Fuchsia excorticata - kōtukutuku, tree fuchsia Fuscospora solandri – Black Beech Fuscospora truncate – Hard Beech

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	 <u>Griselinia lucida - Puka</u>
	o <u>Hoheria angustifolia</u>
	 Kunzea ericoides – Kānuka
	 <u>Leptospermum scoparium – manuka</u>
	 <u>Macropiper excelsum – Kawakawa</u>
	 <u>Melicytus ramiflorus – Māhoe</u>
	 <u>Myoporum laetum - Naigo</u>
	 <u>Myrsine australis - Māpou</u>
	 <u>Olearia paniculate - Akiraho</u>
	 <u>Pittosporum eugenioides - Tarata</u>
	 <u>Pittosporum tenuifolium - Köhühü</u>
	 <u>Plagianthus regius – Lowland ribbonwood</u>
	 <u>Podocarpus totara – tōtara</u>
	 Prumnopitys ferruginea - Miro
	 <u>Prumnopitys taxifolia – Matai</u>
	 <u>Pseudopanax crassifolius – Lancewood</u>
	 <u>Sophora microphylla – Kōwhai</u>
	 <u>Weinmannia racemose – Kāmhai</u>
	Shrubs, Ground Covers, Grasses, and Sedge
	 <u>Brachyglottis repanda – Rangiora</u>
	 <u>Coprosma repens - Taupata</u>
	 <u>Coprosma robusta – Karamū</u>
	 <u>Veronica stricta – Koromiko</u>
	 <u>Melicytus crassifolius – Coastal porcupine scurb</u>
	 Ozothamnus leptophyllus – Tauhinu
	 <u>Phormium cookianum – Wharariki</u>
	 <u>Cortaderia richardii – South Island Toetoe</u>
	 <u>Effects on the visual amenity values of the Skyline Area;</u> <u>Potential opportunities for screening or mitigating visual effects and</u>
	reducing the buildings visual prominence through planting, earthworks, or through the use of low impact architectural design techniques.
de) c	building which does not comply with Controlled Activity conditions a)- of this Rule, or is within the Botanical Hill Landscape Overlay, shall be a ricted Discretionary Activity with discretion restricted to the following ers:
1.]	he building's external appearance
	ffects on the visual amenity values of the Skyline Area.
<u>C</u>	The extent to which structures will be visible from the Nelson City Centre, and State Highway 6 (QE II Drive between the Maitai River vridge and Atawhai Drive) and from Maitahi/Mahitahi Valley Road vetween Jickells and Sharland Bridge.
v	Opportunities for mitigating the visual effects and reducing the buildings is a prominence through planting, earthworks, or through the use of bow impact architectural design techniques.
	burce Consent for a Restricted Discretionary Activity shall be idered without notification or service of notice.
Expl	anation
and	rule, combined with the minimum allotment sizes required by X.3 above the information requirements of Appendix 14, will ensure the landscape es of the Skyline Area are maintained to an appropriate standard.

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<u>X.6</u>	<u>"Buildings on the Kākā Hill"</u>
	The following activities are non-complying: (a) Buildings on Kākā Hill backdrop and skyline area as identified on Attachment B1.2 of Schedule X:
	(b) Buildings on Kākā Hill within the Significant Natural Area as identified on B1.2 of Schedule X.
	Explanation
	These rules will ensure the landscape, and natural values and ecological values of Kākā Hill are protected long term.

<u>X.7</u> <u>Es</u>	planade Reserve Standards
a)	For the area adjoining the Maitahi/Mahitahi River and Kākā Stream, esplanade reserve shall be vested in stages as subdivision progresses in accordance with the Maitahi Bayview Structure Plan.
b)	An esplanade reserve with a minimum total width of 40m shall be vested in stages as subdivision progresses.
c)	Planting shall be indigenous species and in general accordance with the following planting palette:
	Trees Alectryon excelsus – Tītoki Aristotelia serrata – Makomako Beilschmiedia tawa – Tawa Cordyline australis – Cabbage tree Dacrycrpus dacrydioides – Kahikitea Dodonaea viscosa – Akeake Dacrydium cupressinum – Rimu Fuchsia excorticata - kõtukutuku, tree fuchsia Fuscospora solandri – Black Beech Fuscospora truncate – Hard Beech Griselinia lucida - Puka Hoheria angustifolia Kunzea ericoides – Kānuka Leptospermum scoparium – manuka Macropiper excelsum – Kawakawa Melicytus ramiflorus – Māhoe Myoporum laetum - Naigo Myrsine australis - Māpou Pittosporum eugenioides - Tarata Pittosporum tenuifolium - Köhūhū Plagianthus regius – Lowland ribbonwood Podocarpus totara – tõtara Prumnopitys ferruginea - Miro Prunnopitys taxifolia – Matai Sophora microphylla – Kõvhai
	 <u>Weinmannia racemose – Kāmhai</u> <u>Shrubs, Ground Covers, Grasses, and Sedges</u> <u>Aposadmia sismilis - Oioi</u>
	 <u>Carex secta – pukio</u> <u>Carex virigata – Pūrei</u> <u>Cortaderia richardii – South Island Toetoe</u>
	 <u>Phormium tenax - Harakeke</u> <u>Juncus edgariae – common rush</u> <u>Juncus pallidus – Giant Rush</u> Juncus australis – Rush

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Plants set back from Stream and Wetland Margins
 <u>Astelia frangrans – kahakaha</u> <u>Coprosma propingua – Mingimingi</u> <u>Coprosma rigida – streamside coprosma</u> <u>Coprosma robusta – Karamū</u> <u>Myrsine divaricate – Weeping Māpou</u> <u>Veronica stricta – Koromiko</u>
Note: It is recognised here that the lower Kākā Stream tributary may, subject to resource consent approval, be realigned as a part of developing in general accordance with the Maitahi Bayview Structure Plan.
Explanation
This requirement will ensure that esplanade reserve is vested in accordance with the Maitahi Bayview Structure Plan, and that the enhancement planting be undertaken in general accordance with an appropriate planting palette.

<u>X.10</u>	Heritage Structures
	The demolition of the existing structures and chimney is a controlled activity.
	Control is reserved over:
	a) <u>The salvage of the shearers' graffiti on the rusticated weatherboard</u> <u>clad walls and sliding doors to Woolshed Part A1 and Part B (refer</u> <u>Miller 2022) for adaptive reuse and presentation; and</u>
	b) <u>The salvage of the shearing equipment and the ground floor windows</u> to Part A1 (refer Miller 2022), including any timber and building materials that are recoverable and reusable; and
	c) recording the existing buildings, structures and chimney by digital 3D scanning inside and outside and a 3D model produced.
	Note: an Archaeological Authority is also required pursuant to the Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014.

<u>X.11</u>	Services Overlay – Transport	Constraints and Required Up	grades
	This table relates to X.2 and X.3	of Schedule X.	
	Transport Upgrade	Construction or improvement	Development Threshold
	The existing intersection of Nile Street and Maitai Road;	Upgrade intersection to address safety deficiency. These improvement works are likely to be Traffic Signals, but other options can be considered.	Prior to <u>the any</u> first-new <u>PPC28</u> dwelling/lot with access onto <u>that</u> could access via Ralphine Way.
	The active mode connections from the PPC 28 Plan Change area to the city centre (Collingwood Street). There may be separate routes to provide for recreational users and	Construct a separated shared path from PPC 28 to Nile Street and/or Hardy Street. The shared path will be at least 2500mm wide.	Prior to the first any new PPC28 dwelling/lot with access ontothat could access via Raphine Way.

		-
ommuters (includes work nd education);	There are a number of design options that will be considered as part of Stage 1 of the subdivision.	
Sibbs Bridge walk / cycle rovision;	Construct a shared cycle/walk bridge across Maitai River. Note that this upgrade may be replaced with alternative shared path access from PPCR 28 that removes the need for this project.	Prior to the any first new dwelling/PPC28 dwelling/lot with access ontothat could access via Raphine Way.
The intersection of Ralphine Way and Maitai Yalley Road.	Improve sight lines, install intersection control and provide right turn bay for Ralphine Way.	Prior to the-any first new dwelling/PPC28 dwelling/lot with access ontothat could access via Raphine Way.
Bay View Road requires the management of the bad for vehicles, parking nd active modes.	Implement parking restrictions and improve forward sight lines through vegetation removal. This does not include the intersection of Bay View Road and State Highway 6.	Prior to the any first new dwelling/PPC28 dwelling/lot with access onto that could access via Bay View Road from PPCR 28 area.
ink road from Bay View Road to Walters Bluff nd/or Ralphine Way	Provide connection from Bay View Road to Nelson via either Walters Bluff and/or Ralphine Way	When the future subdivision of Bay View reaches the indicative road to Walters Bluff then either the link to Walters Bluff or to Ralphine Way must be constructed.
Additional Earthworks Re	equirements	
To ensure that that development within the Structure Plan area appropriately minimises adverse sediment effects, and is consistent with the relevant ecology, water quality and recreation provisions of the NRMP and NPSFW, the following principles shall be adopted during the design, consenting and implementation of earthworks. These principles are complimentary to, and shall be adopted in conjunction with, the matters of control and discretion listed in earthworks rules REr.61, RUr.27 and OSr.49 of the NRMP. 1) Implement of best-practice erosion and sediment control measures for the duration of all earthworks. 2) Avoid to the greatest extent practicable, and otherwise minimise, earthworks on steepest slopes. 3) Minimise the overall cumulative extent of earthworks to the greatest		
	nd education); bibbs Bridge walk / cycle rovision; he intersection of alphine Way and Maitai alley Road. ay View Road requires be management of the bad for vehicles, parking nd active modes. ink road from Bay View bad for vehicles, parking nd active modes. ink road from Bay View bad to Walters Bluff nd/or Ralphine Way Additional Earthworks Ref <u>To ensure that that develop</u> minimises adverse sedime. <u>ecology, water quality and</u> the following principles shat implementation of earthworks rules Fe <u>1) Implement of best-p</u> <u>the duration of all earthworks on steep</u>	Ind education); There are a number of design options that will be considered as part of Stage 1 of the subdivision. ibbs Bridge walk / cycle rovision; Construct a shared cycle/walk bridge across Maitai River. ibbs stridge walk / cycle rovision; Construct a shared cycle/walk bridge across Maitai River. Note that this upgrade may be replaced with alternative shared path access from PPCR 28 that removes the need for this project. the intersection of alphine Way and Maitai alley Road. Improve sight lines, install intersection control and provide right turn bay for Ralphine Way. ay View Road requires be management of the shared path access not include the intersection of Bay View modes. Implement parking restrictions and improve forward sight lines through vegetation removal. ay View Road requires be management of the ord active modes. Provide connection from Bay View Road and State Highway 6. ink road from Bay View coad to Walters Bluff and/or Ralphine Way Provide connection from Bay View Road to Nelson via either Walters Bluff and/or Ralphine Way dor realphine Way To ensure that that development within the Structure Plan minimises adverse sediment effects, and is consistent with ecology, water quality and recreation provisions of the NRI the following principles shall be adopted during the design of the duration of all earthworks. 2) Avoid to the greatest extent practicable, and otherw earthworks on steepest slopes. 3) Minimise the overall cumulative extent of earthworks

4) Minimise the area of earthworks exposed to erosion and any given time by staging and progressive stabilisation.
5) Identify and adopt practicable additional measures for earthworks on higher risk areas such as steep slopes and adjacent to streams.
6) Implement a comprehensive site management and monitoring procedure to ensure all erosion and sediment control measures remain fully functional.
7) Implement adaptive management methodology and plan that incorporates measures to monitor the effectiveness of erosion and sediment control measures, and contingency responses if effects are identified that exceed those anticipated during the consenting of earthworks.

	Special Information and Design Requirements within Schedule X	
	In order to ensure subdivision and development within Schedule X occurs in a manner that achieves the relevant objectives and policies within Chapter 7 in relation to landscape, natural character cultural and freshwater values, special information requirements are set out within X.8-X.13-16 below and imposed under Section 88 of the RMA.	
	For clarification.	
	 X.8 is a general rule that applies to any <u>subdivision or</u> development within Schedule X; X.9 is a general requirement that applies to applies to any <u>subdivision or</u> development within Schedule X; X.10-13-16 are requirements that apply to any application for subdivision or comprehensive housing development and linked via X.2 and X.3 above. 	
<u>X.8</u>	Cultural Values and Engagement with Te Tau Ihu Iwi	
	In recognition of the Te Tau Ihu Statutory Acknowledgements 2014 and the requirement of the NPS-FM 2020, any subdivision and development of land within Schedule X shall be prepared after having particular regard to cultural values and the principles of the Treaty of Waitangi (Te Tiriti o Waitangi). As a part of demonstrating this, a Cultural Impact Assessment (prepared by a contractor approved by Iwi) shall be submitted with any resource consent application involving earthworks, discharges, freshwater and terrestrial ecology, comprehensive housing, or subdivision. The extent to which recommendations in the Cultural Impact Assessment have been included shall be detailed in the resource consent application.	

<u>X.9</u>	Ecological outcomes and freshwater
	 <u>Alongside the NTLDM 2020, the following best practice principles shall be</u> <u>used in the subdivision and development design process, with an</u> <u>assessment report submitted from a suitably qualified person</u> <u>demonstrating the application of these principles:</u> <u>Align with the objectives and intent of the NPS-FM and NES 2020</u> <u>which include mandatory provisions around stream/wetland effects</u> <u>avoidance and application of the effects management hierarchy.</u> <u>Co-design with nature an integrated and regenerative approach to</u> <u>urban development:</u>

 a) Use 'green infrastructure' engineering solutions where possible to mimic or work with processes found in the natural environment. b) Retain, restore and enhance existing elements of the natural drainage system, and integrate these elements into the urban landscape.
3) Address pressures on waterbodies close to source by implementing Water Sensitive Design (WSD) principles in the planning through to the implementation stages
4) Mimic predevelopment hydrology through retention and detention. Predevelopment channel forming flows in Kākā Stream to be managed to reduce risk of scour and sediment mobilisation.
5) Pass first flush of all site generated stormwater through constructed vegetated treatment devices prior to discharge to Kākā Stream, existing wetlands or Maitahi/Mahitahi River. First flush to be based on treating 80-85% of mean annual volume or stormwater resulting from 3-month ARI rainfall event.
6) Map areas with high infiltration capacity and factor in design to optimise groundwater recharge and baseflow where possible as part of water sensitive design strategy.
7) Provide and protect overland flow paths through road design and other dedicated pathways to pass peak flows from upper slopes safely.
 8) Retain and protect the upper reach of Kākā Stream (above woolshed) and realign the lower reach through continuous riparian corridor (Blue- Green Spine). Corridor to reflect natural topography and be delineated to support; a) Channel meanders and flood benches b) Robust riparian vegetation c) Peak flood capacity d) Eco-system function and habitat e) Integrated stormwater wetlands
f) Public access via well designed walking/cycling paths (no roads except at crossing points)
9) Where practical, co-locate stormwater treatment wetlands within Kākā Stream Blue-Green Spine to protect mainstream, increase urban ecology, connect the community with water and provide high quality amenity.
10) Identify and delineate development areas able to drain to Blue-Green Spine or other dedicated stormwater treatment areas not able to be captured in these to self-manage through on lot management of water quality/quantity.
11) Where feasible, integrate peak flood controls within Blue-Green Spine whilst ensuring that Eco-System function (including fish passage) is preserved, stormwater wetlands are protected, and the health and safety of community and visitors are protected.
12) Provide for the realignment of the lower portion of the Kākā Stream where this provides for improved ecological outcomes, provides for more efficient urban form and demonstrates adherence with best practice channel design guidelines. This includes provision of off-sets to ensure a net gain of in stream values within the Structure Plan area.
13) Identify, protect and enhance all remaining natural wetlands and their margins.
<u>14) Protect and enhance the Kākā Stream and its tributaries, including;</u> <u>a) Minimising stream loss.</u>

 b) Identifying springs/seeps and protect these including the flow paths to the nearest streams c) Providing for flood flows (1:100yr) within the stream including its riparian margins.
15) Provide for ecological linkages between ecological areas (freshwater and terrestrial) inside and neighbouring Schedule X.
16) Manage earthworks and compaction outside residential zones to minimise changes to the hydraulic response of flows directly or indirectly discharging into the Kākā Stream and its tributaries.
17) Conserve and reuse water resources, through maximising water-use efficiency by reducing potable water demand and maximising the use of greywater and stormwater.
18) considering climate change during all stages of the design process.

<u>X.13</u>	Stormwater Management Plan				
	A Stormwater Management Plan shall be prepared and submitted with any application for subdivision or development within Schedule X.				

<u>X.14</u>	Integrated Transportation Assessment
	An Integrated Transport Assessment shall be prepared and submitted with any application for subdivision or development within Schedule X. An Integrated Transport Assessment (in accordance with the "Integrated Transport Assessment Guidelines" dated November 2010 - RR442) shall be prepared and submitted with any application for subdivision or development within Schedule X. The Integrated Transport Assessment (ITA) prepared for the future subdivisions will fall into two scopes as set out in Table 6.3 of RR442. For any subdivisions with less than 100 dwellings will have a "Moderate" scope ITA prepared as part of the consent application. For any subdivisions with more than 100 dwellings will have a "Broad"
	scope ITA prepared as part of the consent application.

<u>X.15</u>	Ecological Assessment				
	An assessment of the significance of indigenous biodiversity values and the potential threat to those values from domestic pets shall be prepared and submitted with any application for subdivision or development within Schedule X.				

<u>X.16</u>	Vegetation and Fauna Management Plan
	A Vegetation and Fauna Management Plan shall be prepared and submitted with any application for subdivision or development within Schedule X. This shall address the 'Residential Green Overlay' and the 'Revegetation Overlay' as shown within the Maitahi Bayview Structure Plan and include100% indigenous species and in general accordance with the planting palettes as set out in X.4, X.5 and X.7.

16. **Add** Maitahi Bayview Structure Plan and supporting maps to Schedule X – Volume 2, and label as Figures 1 - 3 respectively.

Chapter 9: Suburban Commercial Zone

17. **Amend** SCd.1 as follows:

This Zone includes ... Bishopdale, Kākā Valley, and ...

18. Add to SCd as follows:

Within the Maitahi Bayview area (Schedule X), provision is also made for appropriately scaled areas for commercial development in a central location to enable the establishment of activities to serve this new community.

19. Add SCX Maitahi Bayview Development (Schedule X) after SC3.2:

SC4 Maitahi Bayview (Schedule X)

For objectives and policies relevant to the Suburban Commercial Zone which is contained within Schedule X area, refer to RE6 and associated policies within Chapter 7 Residential Zone.

20. Add to Contents page for the Suburban Commercial Zone:

SCr.69C Maitahi Bayview Structure Plan (Schedule X)

<u>SCr.69C</u>	<u>SCr.69C.</u> <u>1</u>	<u>SCr.69C.</u> <u>2</u>	<u>SCr.69C.</u> <u>3</u>	<u>SCr.69C.</u> <u>4</u>	<u>SCr.69C.</u> <u>5</u>
<u>Maitahi</u> <u>Bayview</u> <u>Structure</u> <u>Plan</u>	<u>Schedule</u> <u>X applies</u>				
<u>(Schedul</u> <u>e X)</u>					

- 21. Add to SCr.71.2 as follows:
 - i) <u>In respect of Maitahi/Mahitahi Bayview Schedule X, compliance</u> with Schedule X rules requiring subdivision layout and design to generally accord with Schedule X, Figure 1, Maitahi/Mahitahi Bayview Structure Plan, located in Chapter 7 Residential Zone.

Chapter 12: Rural Zone

22. Add to RUd as follows:

As a part of meeting some of the significant demand and need for additional residential land, the Kākā Valley and adjoining Bayview property is identified within Schedule X (Maitahi Bayview). This also includes land for Higher Density Small Holdings subdivision and development. The future residential development enabled by Schedule X is ideally located to meet a range of needs, while adding positively to community recreational opportunities, increasing connectivity and resilience, being culturally sensitive, and enhancing ecological and freshwater values.

23. Add to RU2.1.iA as follows:

and Maitahi Bayview (Schedule X)

24. Amend RU2.ii(b) to read:

and Maitahi Bayview (Schedule X)

25. Amend RU2.2.iA to read:

and Maitahi Bayview (Schedule X)

26. Add RU5 as follows:

RU5 Maitahi Bayview Development (Schedule X)

For objectives and policies relevant to the Rural zoned land which is contained within Schedule X area, refer to RE6 and associated policies within Chapter 7 Residential Zone.

27. Add to Contents page for the Rural Zone:

RUr.77C Maitahi Bayview Structure Plan (Schedule X)

28. Add a new rule RUr.77C

<u>RUr.77C</u>	<u>RUr.77C.1</u>	<u>RUr.77C.2</u>	<u>RUr.77C.3</u>	<u>RUr.77C.4</u>	<u>RUr.77C.5</u>
<u>Maitahi</u> <u>Bayview</u> <u>Structure</u> <u>Plan</u> (Schedule X)	<u>Schedule</u> <u>X applies</u>				

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Chapter 11: Open Space & Recreation Zone

29. Add to OSd.8 as follows:

As a part of meeting some of the significant demand and need for additional residential land, the Kākā Valley and adjoining Bayview property is identified within Schedule X (Maitahi Bayview). This also includes new Open Space & Recreation areas. The future residential development enabled by Schedule X is ideally located to meet a range of needs, while adding positively to community recreational opportunities, increasing connectivity and resilience, being culturally sensitive, and enhancing ecological and freshwater values.

30. Add OS3 as follows:

OS3 Maitahi Bayview Development (Schedule X)

For objectives and policies relevant to the Open Space and Recreation Area which is contained within Schedule X area, refer to RE6 and associated policies within Chapter 7 Residential Zone.

31. Add to Contents page for the Open Space & Recreation Zone:

OSr.75 Maitahi Bayview Structure Plan (Schedule X)

32. Add a new rule OSr.75

<u>RUr.75</u>	<u>RUr.75.1</u>	<u>RUr.75.2</u>	<u>RUr.75.3</u>	<u>RUr.75.4</u>	<u>RUr.75.5</u>
<u>Maitahi</u> <u>Bayview</u> <u>Structure Plan</u> (Schedule X)	<u>Schedule</u> <u>X applies</u>				