

Initial proposal for representation arrangements for the 2022 local elections

FEEDBACK IS INVITED

Persons with an interest in the proposed representation arrangements are invited to provide written feedback on the Council's representation proposal. Please let us know in your feedback if you wish to speak to your views at a hearing of Council.

Feedback must be received no later than Friday 17 September 2021.

Online Shape.nelson.govt.nz

Email elections@ncc.govt.nz

Phone 03 546 0200 (available COVID-19 Alert Levels 3 and 4 only)

Post Devorah Nícuarta-Smith, Nelson City Council, PO Box 645, 7040

Person Devorah Nícuarta-Smith, Nelson City Council, 110 Trafalgar Street

(available COVID Alert Levels 1 and 2 only)

Local elections are changing in Nelson – have your say!

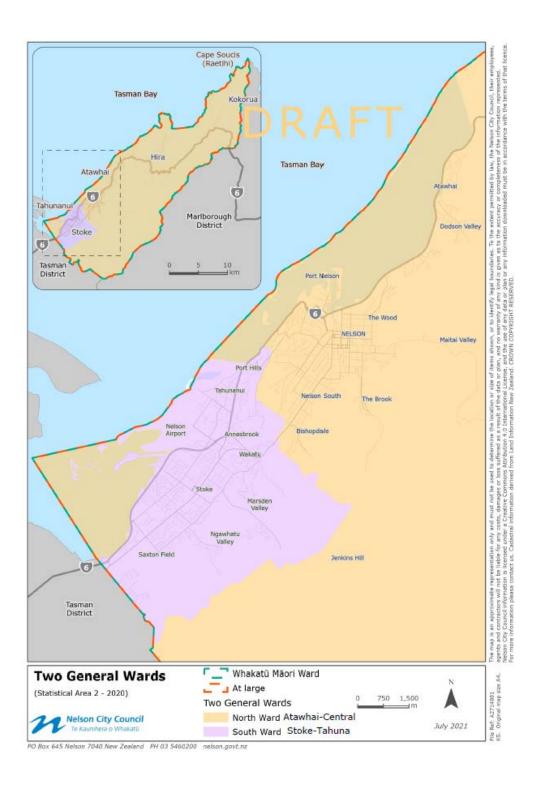
13 August 2021



The way Nelson elects councillors will change for the 2022 local elections, after Nelson City Council chose a preferred representation option that introduces wards, at a Council meeting on Thursday, 12 August.

Council was already scheduled to carry out a representation review in 2021, but a decision in May 2021 to create a Māori ward made the review essential.

Councillors voted on a preferred option to segment Nelson into two general wards to be created alongside the Māori Ward. One ward would be for north and central Nelson, including Bishopdale – provisionally called the Central Ward. The other ward would cover Stoke, Tahunanui and Marsden Valley – provisionally called the Stoke-Tahuna Ward. The boundaries of each ward are outlined in the below map.



The Local Electoral Act 2001 provides a formula for calculating the minimum number of councillors that need to be elected from wards, based on the ratio that determines the number of Māori ward councillors. To maintain that ratio,

a minimum of eight councillors need to be elected from the ward system.

Both wards would have four councillors attached to them, with a further three councillors voted for by the whole community (at large). Each ward councillor would represent just over 6,000 constituents. The Māori ward, which currently covers a population of 3,280, would have one councillor. The Mayor is always voted for at large.

The preferred options took into account results from a community survey held between mid-June and mid-July 2021. It sought views on the factors Council must weigh up when forming an initial proposal. The survey received 253 responses.

Nelson Mayor Rachel Reese says the proposal provides a balance between wards and at-large councillors.

"The survey results showed that most respondents preferred a mixed system, where some councillors are elected by ward, and some by the city as a whole regardless of the electoral roll the voter is in.

"I believe this particular mix offers the best of both worlds, with three councillors and the Mayor elected by the entire community. We now want to know whether you support this option. This is a great opportunity to help shape the future of democracy in this city."

Survey results showed just over half the respondents did not want community boards to be established. Additional comments noted that a community board or boards would add unnecessary layers of cost and bureaucracy to Council.

"One of the most common responses we received was to see more diversity on Council," said Mayor Reese. "The Māori ward goes some way to

supporting that, as does our change to the Single Transferable Vote system

(STV)."

Council voted to move to the STV system in August 2020. Council will provide

Nelsonians with guides to the new system in 2022, ahead of the local

elections.

Persons with an interest in the proposed representation arrangements are

invited to make written submissions on the Council's representation proposal.

Please let us know in your feedback if you wish to speak to your views at a

hearing of Council.

Submissions can be made online at shape.nelson.govt.nz/representation-

review, by email to elections@ncc.govt.nz, or by mail to Devorah Nicuarta-

Smith, Nelson City Council, PO Box 645, 7040.

Submissions must be received by Council no later than Friday 17 September

2021.

For more information, please contact Devorah Nícuarta-Smith: 03 546 0391

or devorah.nicuartasmith@ncc.govt.nz.

ENDS

Contact: media@ncc.govt.nz

Check out our website nelson.govt.nz



Email us on media@ncc.govt.nz

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On 12 August 2021 the Nelson City Council reviewed its representation arrangements, and resolved that the following proposal apply for the Council for the elections to be held on 8 October 2022:

Council Representation

It is proposed that the Council comprise 8 members elected from 2 general wards, 1 member elected from the Māori Ward, 3 members elected at large (by the whole city), and the mayor. The 2 wards reflect the following identified communities of interest:

Ward	Communities of interest Comprises the northern, central and eastern parts of the region (and adjacent inlets as well as Waimeas Inlet south of Nelson Airport) encompassing the northern Port Hills, Haulashore Island, Port Nelson, Washington Valley, Victory, Toi Toi, Bishopdale, The Brook, East Nelson, Maitai Valley, the Nelson city centre, The Wood, Brooklands, Atawhai, Dodson Valley, Marybank, Todds Valley, Wakapuaka, Glenduan, Hira, Cable Bay, Lud Valley, Teal Valley, Kokorua and the hills of the Bryant Range bounded by the council boundary.		
Central Ward			
Stoke-Tahuna Ward	Comprises the southern urban part of the region encompassing Stoke, Monaco, Nelson Airport, Tahunanui, the southern Port Hills, Annesbrook, Wakatu, Enner Glynn, Marsden Valley, Ngawhatu Valley, the Saxton area and the islands southwest of the Airport.		
Whakatū Ward	Māori Ward for those on the Māori electoral roll. Encompasses the full Nelson City electoral boundary. Established by resolution 13 May 2021 for the 2022 and 2025 local elections		
	Established by resolution 13 May 2021 for the 2022 and 2025 local election – decision cannot be appealed to Local Government Commission.		

The population that each member will represent is as follows:

Ward	Population 2018 Census	Members	Population per member
Central Ward	25,830	4	6,458
Stoke-Tahuna Ward	25,480	4	6,370
Whakatū Ward	3280	1	3280
At Large	(54,590)	3	N/A
Total	54,590	12	

In accordance with section 19V(2), Local Electoral Act 2001 the population that each member represents must be within the range of 6414 + /-10% (5773 to 7055), unless particular community of interest considerations justify otherwise.

Community Board Representation

It is proposed that no community boards be established.

Further Information

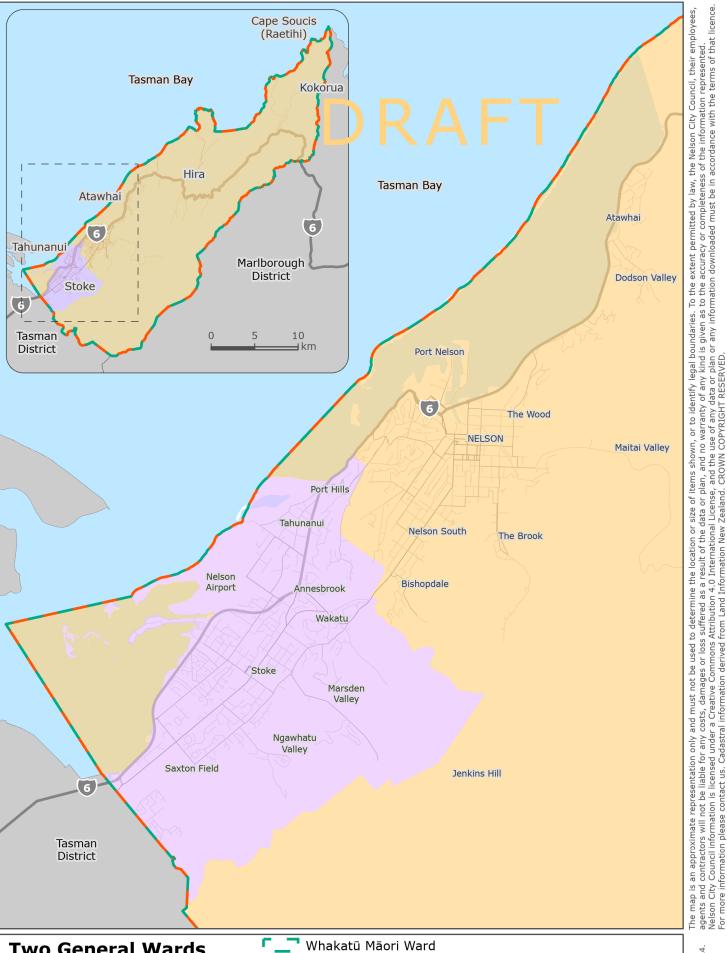
Copies of the Council's initial proposal and maps setting out the areas of the proposed wards may be viewed and obtained from

- Council's website www.nelson.govt.nz
- Customer Service Centre, Civic Building, 110 Trafalgar Street, Nelson
- Nelson City Library

Any queries regarding the Council's decision should be directed to **Devorah Nícuarta-Smith: 03 546 0391 or devorah.nicuartasmith@ncc.govt.nz.**

IMPORTANT NOTE

Initial proposal and maps only available online or via email on request during COVID Alert Levels 3 and 4.
Thank you for helping keep our community safe.



At large

Two General Wards Central

Stoke-Tahuna

File Ref: A2714881 KS. Original map size A4.

July 2021

750

1,500

Two General Wards

Nelson City Council

Te Kaunihera o Whakatū

(Statistical Area 2 - 2020)

Two Ward Option – Potential Boundaries

Central Ward

Generally - comprises the northern, central and eastern parts of the region (and adjacent inlets as well as Waimeas Inlet south of Nelson Airport) encompassing the northern Port Hills, Haulashore Island, Port Nelson, Washington Valley, Victory, Toi Toi, Bishopdale, The Brook, East Nelson, Maitai Valley, the Nelson city centre, The Wood, Brooklands, Atawhai, Dodson Valley, Marybank, Todds Valley, Wakapuaka, Glenduan, Hira, Cable Bay, Lud Valley, Teal Valley, Kokorua and the hills of the Bryant Range bounded by the council boundary.

Specifically – follow the coast from the northwest corner of 30 The Cliffs to and along the seaward side of Rocks Road, to and along Tahunanui Beach to the western end, northeast across the water to the west coast of the Boulder Bank, follows the coast north to Pepin Island, across the entrance to the Delaware Bay Estuary, continuing north along the coast, across the entrance to the Whangamoa River Estuary, to the northern council boundary at Cape Soucis (Raetihi), south and then southwest along the eastern council boundary and west along the southern council boundary. At the southern edge of 227 Champion Road, the boundary follows the eastern edge of this property and continues across the foothills in a north east direction, towards and along the northwest edge of Marsden Valley Reserve, then southeast to the Barnicoat Walkway, where it turns northeast to the east edge of Marsden Valley Reserve, which it follows south then turns to the northeast, southeast of the quarry, over the ridgeline and into the Brook Conservation Reserve, west along the southern boundary of 592 Brook Street, northwest along the ridgeline east and then north of 130 Enner Glynn Road, northwest along the south edge of York Valley Landfill, northwest along the south edges of 9, 16, 10 and 8 Bills Drive, continuing northwest along the west edge of 16 Vista Drive, crosses Waimea Road to and north along the centre line of the Railway Reserve, to and northwest along the centre of the road reserve to the northwest of Boundary Road, northeast along the east edge of 5 Observatory Terrace, northwest along the south edge of Pipers Reserve, north along the centre line of Princes Drive, through the roundabout with Moana Avenue, northeast along the centre line of Princes Drive to and along the northeast side of 201 Princes Drive, continuing northwest along the property boundaries to the west edge of 52 The Cliffs, to and west along the centre line of The Cliffs, around the corner to opposite the west side of 41 The Cliffs, north to and southeast along the south edge of 30 The Cliffs, along the cliff top to the northwest corner of 30 The Cliffs. This ward also includes the southwest inlets of Nelson City, where it follows the council boundary from the coast northwest and northeast to and along the southern edge of Nelson Airport, around Monaco and south to the council boundary. This ward does not include Oyster Island, Saxton Island nor Pig Island.

Stoke-Tahuna Ward

Generally - comprises the southern urban part of the region encompassing Stoke, Monaco, Nelson Airport, Tahunanui, the southern Port Hills, Annesbrook, Wakatu, Enner Glynn, Marsden Valley, Ngawhatu Valley, the Saxton area and the islands southwest of the Airport.

Specifically - follows the coast from the southwestern council boundary around Monaco, around Nelson Airport, along the west edge of Nelson Golf Club, the west end of Tahuna Beach Holiday Park, the western and northern edges of Tahunanui Beach, north adjacent to Rocks Road, crosses Rocks Road to the northwest corner of 30 The Cliffs, follows the cliff top to and along the southern edge of 30 The Cliffs, crosses half the road to the centre line of The Cliffs opposite the north corner of 43 The Cliffs, follows the centreline of The Cliffs south around the corner to and along the west edge of 54 The Cliffs, continuing southeast along the property boundaries to and along the east edge of 201 Princes Drive, southwest along the centre line of Princes Drive, through the roundabout with Moana Avenue, continuing southwest and south along Princes Drive, southeast along the southwest edge of Pipers Reserve, south towards Observatory Terrace along the west side of the road reserve, southeast along the centre of the road reserve that is to the northwest of Boundary Road, south along the centre of the Railway Reserve, southeast across Waimea Road to and along the southwest edge of 16 Vista Drive, continuing southeast along the southern edges of 8, 10, 16 and 9 Bills Drive, southeast then northeast along the south edge of the York Valley Landfill, south and then southeast along the ridgeline east of 130 Enner Glynn Road, east and along the southern edge of 592 Brook Street and into the Brook Conservation Reserve, southwest to the southern edge of the quarry east of Marsden Valley Road, north to where the boundary turns southwest, approximately two thirds of the way from the Quarry bridge to the turnoff to the Involution Track, then northwest approximately at the Barnicoat Walkway, towards and along the northeastern edge of the Marsden Valley Reserve, in a southwest direction, continuing across the foothills to the southern edge of 227 Champion Road and the southwestern council boundary which it follows northwest to the coast. This ward includes Oyster Island, Saxton Island and Pig Island.



Changing our representation arrangements to achieve fair and effective representation in Nelson City

The way Nelson elects councillors will change for the 2022 local elections, after Nelson City Council chose a preferred representation option that introduces wards, at a Council meeting on Thursday, 12 August.

Councillors voted on a preferred option to segment Nelson into two general wards to be created alongside the Māori Ward. One ward will be for north and central Nelson, including Bishopdale – provisionally called the Central Ward. The other ward will cover Stoke, Tahunanui and Marsden Valley – provisionally called the Stoke-Tahuna Ward.

Both wards will have four councillors attached to them, with a further three councillors voted for by the whole community (at large). Each ward councillor will represent just over 6,000 constituents. The Māori ward, which currently covers a population of 3,280, will have one councillor. The Mayor is always voted for at large.

Nelson Mayor Rachel Reese says the proposal provides a balance between wards and at-large councillors. "I believe this particular mix offers the best of both worlds, with three councillors and the Mayor elected by the entire community. We now want to know whether you support this option. This is a great opportunity to help shape the future of democracy in this city."

If you would like to provide some feedback on the Council's representation proposal you can do so in the following ways,

Online shape.nelson.govt.nz/representation-review, or email elections@ncc.govt.nz, or by mail to Devorah Nicuarta-Smith, Nelson City Council, PO Box 645, 7040. During COVID Alert Levels 3 and 4 you can also phone in your feedback to 03 546 0200

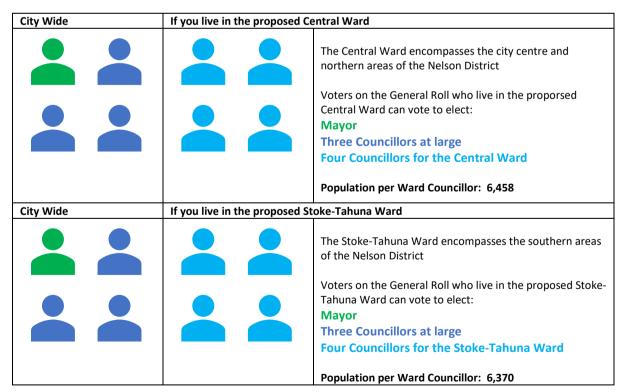
Feedback must be received by Council no later than Friday 17 September 2021, please let us know if you wish to speak to your views at a hearing of Council.

Under the preferred representation option

If I am on the Māori Roll who can I vote for?

City Wide	Māori Ward	
		The Whakatu Māori Ward encompasses the full Nelson Electoral Boundary.
		Voters on the Māori Roll can vote to elect: Mayor Three Councillors at large One Councillor for the Whakatu Māori Ward Population per Ward Councillor: 3,280

If I am on the General Roll who can I vote for?



Would you like more information?

Request an information pack by calling or emailing Council, or go to shape.nelson.govt.nz/representation-review

Would you like to talk to someone about the Representation Review? Email devorah.nicuartasmith@ncc.govt.nz

Drop in sessions will be made available if possible in COVID Alert Levels 1 and 2

Frequently Asked Questions

How were the ward boundaries developed?

Wards are built of groupings of mesh blocks, and the ward boundaries must reflect the outer edges of that grouping of mesh blocks.

A mesh block is a statistical 'building block' created and managed by Statistics New Zealand. The population per mesh block is updated following each census. The populations of each mesh block in a General ward get added together to give the ward population; this is required to calculate whether a General ward meets the fairness rule in comparison to other General wards.

The initial proposal outlines two proposed General wards which would exist alongside the Māori ward established on 13 May 2021 – more information on the proposed ward boundaries can be accessed at the Council office, libraries and online at shape.nelson.govt.nz

Why do you talk about "General" wards?

"General" in this context refers back to the parliamentary roll that voters are listed with. New Zealand has two parliamentary rolls, a Māori roll and a General roll. When a Māori ward exists, voters on the Māori roll will vote for candidates standing in that ward. Voters on the General roll will vote for candidates standing in the General ward within which they live.

What is the "fairness rule"?

Where there is more than 1 General ward, the population per councillor must be within +-10% across all the General wards.

For the two wards in the initial proposal, the population per councillor is as follows:

Ward	Population	No Councillors per Ward	Population per Councillor	Deviation from District average population per Councillor	% deviation from District average population per Councillor
Central Ward	25,830	4	6,458	44	0.69
Stoke- Tahuna Ward	25,480	4	6,370	-44	-0.69
Total General	51,310#	8	6,414		
At-Large	(54,590#)	3			
Whakatū Māori Ward	3,280#	1	3,280^		
Totals	54,590#	12			

[#] difference is in rounding ^indicative purposes only

What is a "mixed" voting system?

When wards exist, a council might propose that all councillors are voted for by wards only. In this scenario, you would only be able to vote for candidates standing for the ward you live in, and the mayor.

It is also possible for some councillors to be elected by ward and some "at large" (that is, by the whole city regardless of which roll the voter is on). When there are both ward councillors and "at large" councillors this is called a "mixed" system.

Early feedback suggested that a mixed system would be preferred in Nelson, and the initial proposal reflects this.

The mayor is always voted for at large.

I want more councillors at large so the whole city can vote for them regardless of the roll they are on – how can this be achieved?

As a Māori ward has been established in Nelson for the 2022 and 2025 local elections, Council must have a minimum of eight ward councillors (7 General ward councillors and 1 Māori ward councillor) under Schedule 1a of the Local Electoral Act 2001.

As long as this is maintained, more at large councillors could be included in a proposal, noting that this will most likely result in a higher total number of councillors.

Are ward councillors solely there for their ward or do they make decisions for the whole city?

All councillors no matter how they are elected must take the whole city into account in their decision making.

You've outlined the preferred proposal but what are the other options?

Information on representation arrangements, and other options that could be considered are all in the report taken to Council on 12 August. This can be found online at

https://shape.nelson.govt.nz/representation-review

I want to talk to someone about the Representation Review – how can I do this?

Email devorah.nicuartasmith@ncc.govt.nz

Representation Review Drop In sessions will be held at the Council offices if possible during COVID Alert Levels 1 and 2

I want to give feedback on all or some of the initial proposal – how do I do this?

Great! We want to hear your views on the proposal and need to receive them by **Friday 17 September 2021**.

Please let us know if you wish to speak to your views at a hearing of Council.

Online shape.nelson.govt.nz

By email <u>elections@ncc.govt.nz</u>

By phone 035460200 (COVID Alert Levels 3 and 4 only)

By mail Devorah Nicuarta-Smith, Nelson City Council, PO Box, 7040

By hand Devorah Nicuarta-Smith, Nelson City Council, 110 Trafalgar

Street (COVID Alert Levels 1 and 2 only)

What happens next in the Representation Review process?

Council will consider all the feedback on its initial proposal and decide on its final proposal in October 2021. The final proposal may be different from the initial proposal. It will be publicly notified, and if it has changed from the initial proposal, there will be opportunity for the community to appeal or object.

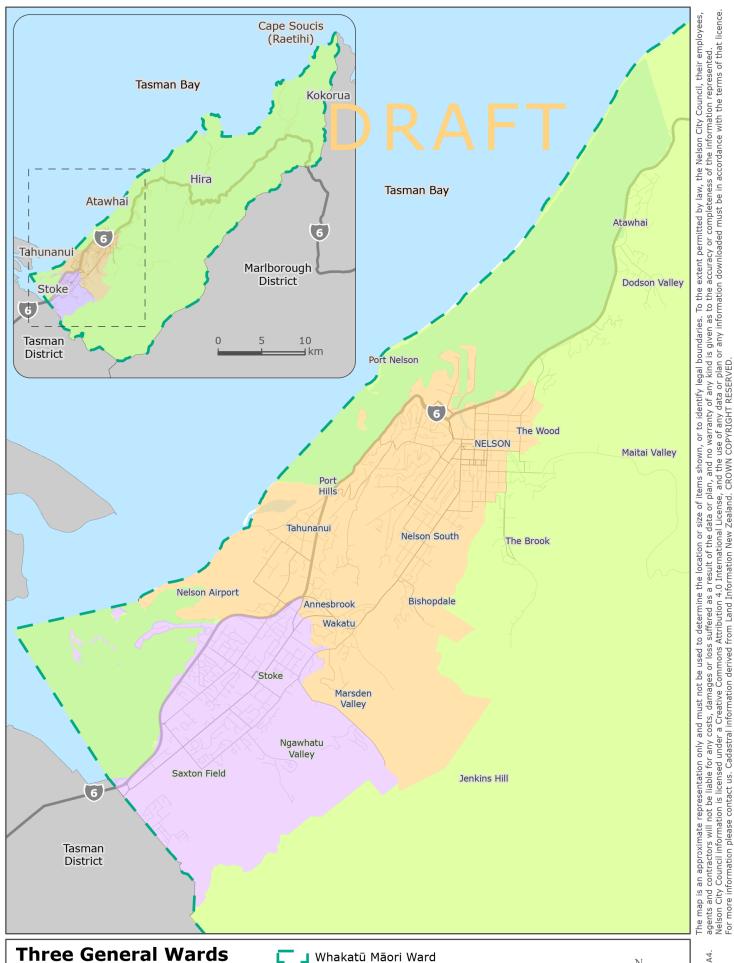
If any appeals or objections are received, the Local Government Commission will consider the proposal and make a determination on the representation arrangements.

Other Potential Options

Council also considered other options before deciding on their initial proposal - these can be viewed in the report to Council from 12 August 2021 (starting page 136 of the agenda):

Council 12 August 2021

Maps and descriptions of the 3 ward and 4 ward boundaries also follow on the next pages



Three General Wards

Stoke

Atawhai Rural City Central

File Ref: A2714881 KS. Original map size A4.

N

July 2021

750

1,500

(Statistical Area 2 - 2020)

Nelson City Council

Te Kaunihera o Whakatū

Three Ward Option – Potential Boundaries

Atawhai Rural Ward

Generally - comprises the northern and eastern parts of the region (and adjacent inlets) encompassing The Brook, East Nelson, Maitai Valley, Brooklands, Atawhai, Dodson Valley, Marybank, Todds Valley, Wakapuaka, Glenduan, Hira, Cable Bay, Lud Valley, Teal Valley, Kokorua and the hills of the Bryant Range bounded by the council boundary.

Specifically - follows the coast from Queen Elizabeth II Drive (SH6) across the road from the boundary between Queen Elizabeth II Reserve and Neale Park, south to and around the Akersten Street peninsula, around Port Nelson, south adjacent to Wakefield Quay and Rocks Road, to and along Tahunanui Beach to the western end, northeast across the water to the west coast of the Boulder Bank, follows the coast north to Pepin Island, across the entrance to the Delaware Bay Estuary, continuing north along the coast, across the entrance to the Whangamoa River Estuary, to the northern council boundary at Cape Soucis (Raetihi), south and then southwest along the eastern council boundary and west along the southern council boundary. At the southern edge of 227 Champion Road, the boundary follows the eastern edge of this property and continues across the foothills in a north east direction, towards and along the northwest edge of Marsden Valley Reserve, then southeast to the Barnicoat Walkway, where it turns northeast to the east edge of Marsden Valley Reserve, which it follows south then turns to the northeast, southeast of the quarry, over the ridgeline and into the Brook Conservation Reserve, west along the southern boundary of 592 Brook Street, northwest along the ridgeline east of 130 Enner Glynn Road, then north along the east side of York Valley Landfill, east to the quarry at the south end of the Grampians, northeast through the quarry to a high point above, northwest to and along a southern boundary of Grampians Reserve to the Tawa Track, turning northeast along the ridgeline of the Grampians, on the west side of the summit to Collingwood Street, east on Brougham Street, north on Scotland Street, east towards and along Bronte Street East, north on Tasman Street, east on Bridge Street, south on Milton Street to the south side of 2/203 Milton Street, east along the north edge of Botanics Sportsfield, north and northeast along the northern edge of Botanical Hill, north and then east of the saddle to and along the west edge of Sir Stanley Whitehead Park to the intersection with Iwa Road, north on Iwa Road, north on Atawhai Drive to the north side of 87 Atawhai Drive and around 87 Atawhai Drive to the northwest to the boundary between Queen Elizabeth II Reserve and Neale Park. This ward also includes the southwest inlets of Nelson City, where it follows the council boundary from the coast northwest and northeast to and along the southern edge of Nelson Airport, around Monaco and south to the council boundary. This ward does not include Oyster Island, Saxton Island, Pig Island, Haulashore Island nor Arrow Rock (Fifeshire Rock).

City Central Ward

Generally – comprises the central urban part of the region encompassing Port Nelson, Washington Valley, the Port Hills, Haulashore Island, Tahunanui, Nelson Airport, most of Annesbrook and Wakatu, Enner Glynn, the northern part of Marsden Valley, Bishopdale, the western side of the Grampians, Victory, Toi Toi, the Nelson city centre and The Wood.

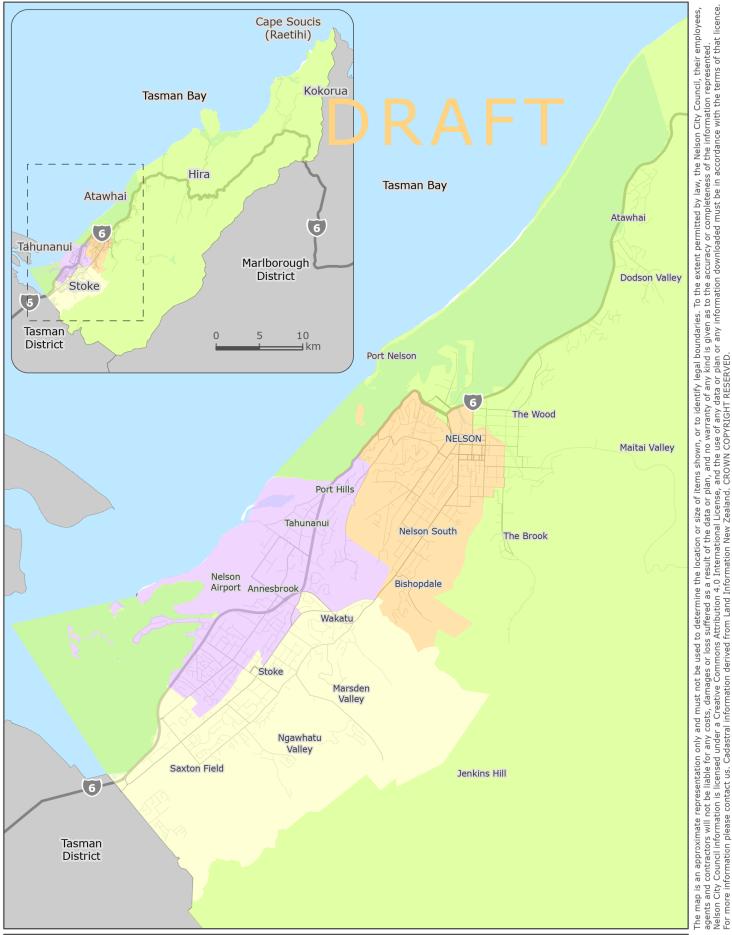
Specifically - follows the coast west from the Whakatu Drive (SH6) bridge over Poorman Valley Stream around Nelson Airport, along the west edge of Nelson Golf Club, the west end of Tahuna Beach Holiday Park, the western and northern edges of Tahunanui Beach, north adjacent to Rocks Road and Wakefield Quay, around Port Nelson and the Akersten Street peninsula, north along the coast around Haven Foreshore then across Queen Elizabeth II Drive (SH6) to and along the boundary between Queen Elizabeth II Reserve and Neale Park, northeast around 87 Atawhai Drive to Atawhai Drive, south on Atawhai Drive, south on Iwa Road, east and south along the west edge of Sir Stanley Whitehead Park to north of the saddle and southwest along the northern edge of Botanical Hill, down the ridgeline and south, then west to the south side of 2/203 Milton Street, north on Milton Street, west on Bridge Street, south on Tasman Street, west on Bronte street East and along to south on Scotland Street, west on Brougham Street, south on Collingwood Street, southwest along the ridgeline of the Grampians on the west side of the summit to the Tawa Track, southeast to and along a southern boundary of Grampians Reserve, continuing to a high point above the quarry at the south end of the Grampians, southwest through the quarry, northeast to and along the east edge of York Valley Landfill, southeast along the ridgeline east of 130 Enner Glynn Road, east and along the southern edge of 592 Brook Street and into the Brook Conservation Reserve, southwest to the southern edge of the quarry east of Marsden Valley Road, northwest on Marsden Valley Road to the south side of 53 Marsden Valley Road, then northeast and northwest through 63 Marsden Valley Road to the south corner of 7E Kakenga Road, continuing northeast then southeast and north along the edge of Bolwell Reserve, then north along the west edge of Poplar Reserve, northward along Arapiki Road, northeast on The Ridgeway to the east side of 88 The Ridgeway, northwest along this edge to and west along the south edge of 74 Coster Street, west along the centre line of Coster Street to and along the south edge of 85A Coster Street, along the back side of the properties west of Coster Street to and along the north side 69 Coster, northwest to the south corner of 61 Coster Street, northeast along the south property edge of 61 and 54 Coster Street, north behind the western properties of Calamaras Street to and east along the centre line of Coster Street to the east side of 23 Coster Street, northeast to the west side of Merrin Way, southwest on Waimea Road, northwest on Quarantine Road, north on Annesbrook Drive to the roundabout, southeast to the Whakatu Drive (SH6) bridge over Poorman Valley Stream. This ward includes Haulashore Island and Arrow Rock (Fifeshire Rock).

Stoke Ward

Generally - comprises the southern urban part of the region encompassing Stoke, Monaco, small parts of Annesbrook and Wakatu, the southern part of Marsden Valley, Ngawhatu Valley, the Saxton area and the islands southwest of the Airport.

Specifically - follows the coast from the southwestern council boundary around Monaco to the Whakatu Drive (SH6) bridge over Poorman Valley Stream, where it follows the Whakatu Drive road centre line east to the roundabout at Annesbrook Drive, which it follows south to Quarantine Road, southeast along Quarantine Road and then east along Waimea Road to Merrin Way, where it turns towards Coster Street, following a straight line along the property boundaries to east of 23 Coster Street, west along Coster Street, south behind the western properties of Calamaras Street to the south corner of 13 Calamaras Street, west along the south property edge of 54 and 61 Coster Street to the south corner of 61 Coster Street, south to and along the north edge of 69 Coster Street, behind the back side of the properties west of Coster Street to and along the south edge

of 85A Coster Street to and along the centre line of Coster Street, to and along the south side of 74 Coster Street to the east side of 88 Coster Street, southeast to The Ridgeway, west on The Ridgeway to Arapiki Road, southward along the centre line of Arapiki Road to 114 Arapiki Road, south along the west edge of Poplar Reserve, continuing south then northwest then southwest along the edge of Bolwell Reserve, continuing to the south corner of 7E Kakenga Road, then southeast and southwest through 63 Marsden Valley Road to the south corner of 53 Marsden Valley Road, southeast along Marsden Valley Road to and along the east edge of Marsden Valley Reserve, from where the boundary turns southwest, approximately two thirds of the way from the Quarry bridge to the turnoff to the Involution Track, then northwest approximately at the Barnicoat Walkway, towards the northeastern edge of the Marsden Valley Reserve, which it follows in a southwest direction, continuing across the foothills to the southern edge of 227 Champion Road and the southwestern council boundary which it follows northwest to the coast. This ward includes Oyster Island, Saxton Island and Pig Island.



Four General Wards
(Statistical Area 2 - 2020)

Central
North-East
Southern Coastal
Southern Hills

North-East
August 2021

Four Ward Option - Potential Boundaries

North-East

Generally - comprises the northern and eastern parts of the region (and adjacent inlets) encompassing Port Nelson, The Wood,

The Brook, East Nelson, Maitai Valley, Brooklands, Atawhai, Dodson Valley, Marybank, Todds Valley, Wakapuaka, Glenduan, Hira, Cable Bay, Lud Valley, Teal Valley, Kokorua and the hills of the Bryant Range bounded by the council boundary.

Specifically - follows the coast from the north corner of 326 Wakefield Quay southwest, southeast and adjacent to Wakefield Quay and Rocks Road, to and along Tahunanui Beach to the western end, northeast across the water to the west coast of the Boulder Bank, follows the coast north to Pepin Island, across the entrance to the Delaware Bay Estuary, continuing north along the coast, across the entrance to the Whangamoa River Estuary, to the northern council boundary at Cape Soucis (Raetihi), south and then southwest along the eastern council boundary and west along the southern council boundary. At the southern edge of 227 Champion Road, the boundary follows the eastern edge of this property and continues across the foothills in a north east direction, towards and along the northwest edge of Marsden Valley Reserve, then southeast to the Barnicoat Walkway, where it turns northeast to the east edge of Marsden Valley Reserve, which it follows south then turns to the northeast, southeast of the quarry, over the ridgeline and into the Brook Conservation Reserve, west along the southern boundary of 592 Brook Street, northwest along the ridgeline east of 130 Enner Glynn Road, then north along the east side of York Valley Landfill, east to the quarry at the south end of the Grampians, northeast through the quarry to a high point above, northwest to and along a southern boundary of Grampians Reserve to the Tawa Track, turning northeast along the ridgeline of the Grampians, on the west side of the summit to Collingwood Street, east on Brougham Street, north on Scotland Street, east towards and along Bronte Street East, north on Tasman Street, east on Bridge Street, northwest along the centreline of the Maitai River, north on Trafalgar Street, southwest on Queen Elizabeth II (SH 6), south on Haven Road, northwest on Maori Road to its northern corner, northwest to and northeast along Fountain Place, northwest on Haven Road, continuing along the centre line of Wakefield Quay to and along the northeast edge of 326 Wakefield Quay to its north corner. This ward also includes the southwest inlets of Nelson City, where it follows the council boundary from the coast northwest and northeast to and along the southern edge of Nelson Airport, around Monaco and south to the council boundary. This ward does not include Oyster Island, Saxton Island, Pig Island, Haulashore Island nor Arrow Rock (Fifeshire Rock).

Central

Generally – comprises the central urban part of the region encompassing the Port Hills, Haulashore Island, Washington Valley, the Nelson city centre, the western side of the Grampians, Bishopdale, Victory and Toi Toi.

Specifically - follows the coast from the northwest corner of 30 The Cliffs to and northeast along the seaward side of Rocks Road to and along the southwest edge of 326 Wakefield Quay, north and southeast along the property edge to the centre line of Wakefield Quay, northeast on Wakefield Quay, continuing southeast on Haven Road, southwest on Fountain Place, southeast along the southern edge of 7 Fountain Place and 157 Haven Road to the north corner of Maori Road, southeast along the centre line of Maori Road, to and along the centre line of Haven Road, northeast on Queen Elizabeth II Drive (SH 6), south on Trafalgar Street, east and southeast along the centre line of the Maitai River, west on Bridge Street, south on Tasman Street, west on Bronte street East and along to south on Scotland Street, west on Brougham Street, south on Collingwood Street, southwest along the ridgeline of the Grampians on the west side of the summit to the Tawa Track, southeast to and along a southern boundary of Grampians Reserve, continuing to a high point above the quarry at the south end of the Grampians, southwest through the quarry, northeast to and along the east edge of York Valley Landfill, northwest along the south edge of York Valley Landfill, northwest along the south edges of 9, 16, 10 and 8 Bills Drive, continuing northwest along the west edge of 16 Vista Drive, crosses Waimea Road to and north along the centre line of the Railway Reserve, to and northwest along the centre of the road reserve to the northwest of Boundary Road, northeast along the east edge of 5 Observatory Terrace, northwest along the south edge of Pipers Reserve, north along the centre line of Princes Drive, through the roundabout with Moana Avenue, northeast along the centre line of Princes Drive to and along the northeast side of 201 Princes Drive, continuing northwest along the property boundaries to the west edge of 52 The Cliffs, to and west along the centre line of The Cliffs, around the corner to opposite the west side of 41 The Cliffs, north to and southeast along the south edge of 30 The Cliffs, along the cliff top to the northwest corner of 30 The Cliffs. This ward includes Haulashore Island and Arrow Rock (Fifeshire Rock).

Southern Coastal

Generally - comprises the urban coastal part of the region encompassing Monaco, Nelson Airport, Tahunanui, the southern Port Hills, the Tahunanui Hills, Annesbrook, Nayland, western Stoke and the islands southwest of the Airport.

Specifically - follows the coast from a point in line with the northeast edge of 484 Nayland Road, north around Monaco, around Nelson Airport, along the west edge of Nelson Golf Club, the west end of Tahuna Beach Holiday Park, the western and northern edges of Tahunanui Beach, north adjacent to Rocks Road, crosses Rocks Road to the northwest corner of 30 The Cliffs, follows the cliff top to and along the southern edge of 30 The Cliffs, crosses half the road to the centre line of The Cliffs opposite the north corner of 43 The Cliffs, follows the centreline of The Cliffs south around the corner to and along the west edge of 54 The Cliffs, continuing southeast along the property boundaries to and along the east edge of 201 Princes Drive, southwest along the centre line of Princes Drive, through the roundabout with Moana Avenue, continuing southwest and south along Princes Drive, southeast along the southwest edge of Pipers Reserve, south towards Observatory Terrace along the west side of the road reserve, southeast along the centre of the road reserve that is to the northwest of Boundary Road, south along the centre of the Railway Reserve, southeast to and southwest along Waimea Road, west on Beatson Road, northwest on Whakatu Drive, south on Annesbrook Drive, southeast on Quarantine Road, southwest on Waimea Road, continuing on Main Road Stoke, northwest along Poorman Valley Stream, southwest along the centre line of the Railway Reserve, diagonally across Songer Street, continuing southwest along the centre line of the Railway Reserve, southeast to the north corner of 642 Main Road Stoke, southwest along the southeast edge of the Railway Reserve to the west corner of 30 Standish Place, northwest along the southwest edge of 16 Sargeson Street, following this property boundary to the northeast and northwest, to and southwest along the centre line of Nayland Road, to and northwest along the northeast edge of 484 Nayland Road to the coast. This ward includes Oyster Island, Saxton Island and Pig Island.

Southern Hills

Generally - comprises the southern urban part of the region encompassing the Saxton area, eastern Stoke, Wakatu, Enner Glynn, Marsden Valley and Ngawhatu Valley.

Specifically - follows the coast from the southwestern council boundary to a point in line with the northeast edge of 484 Nayland Road, which it follows to the southeast to and northeast along the centre line of Nayland Road, southeast around the edge of 16 Sargeson Street to and northeast along the southeast edge of the Railway Reserve, northwest at the north corner of 642 Main Road Stoke to and northeast along the centre line of the Railway Reserve, diagonally across Songer Street, continuing northeast along the centre line of the Railway Reserve, southeast along the centre line of Poorman Valley Stream, northeast on Main Road Stoke, northwest on Quarantine Road, northeast on Annesbrook Drive, southeast on Whakatu Drive, northeast on Beatson Road, north on Waimea Road, to and along the southwest edge of 16 Vista Drive, continuing southeast along the southern edges of 8, 10, 16 and 9 Bills Drive, southeast then northeast along the south edge of the York Valley Landfill, south and then southeast along the ridgeline east of 130 Enner Glynn Road, east and along the southern edge of 592 Brook Street and into the Brook Conservation Reserve, southwest to the southern edge of the guarry east of Marsden Valley Road, north to where the boundary turns southwest, approximately two thirds of the way from the Quarry bridge to the turnoff to the Involution Track, then northwest approximately at the Barnicoat Walkway, towards and along the northeastern edge of the Marsden Valley Reserve, in a southwest direction, continuing across the foothills to the southern edge of 227 Champion Road and the southwestern council boundary which it follows northwest to the coast.